2017

1 Time: 15 minutes (Regular & Private) Max. Marks: 10
SECTION 'A'

I (HULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS) - (M.C.Qs.)

NOTE: (i) This section consists of 10 part questions and all are to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark. (ii) Do not copy down the part questions in your answer script. Write only the answer in full against the proper number of the question and its part. (iii) The code number of your question paper in bold letters in beginning of the answer script.

- 1. Choose the correct answer for each from the given options:
- i) After the advent of Muslims in South Asia, this art came into being:

- ii) Sindh Madrassa-tul Islam was founded by:
- * Maulana Ubaidullah Sindhi * Quaid-e-Azam
- iii) Pakistan's biggest sports industry is situated in this city:
- * Karachi * Sialkot * Peshawar * Lahore
- iv) Pakistan's partner in the (OPEC) economic corridor plan is:
- * The U.S.A * the U.K * China * India
- v) In the east, Pakistan's boundaries meet:
- vi) Maulana Muhammed Ali Jauhar was the founder of:
- * Khaksar movement * Quit India movement
- vii) The number of climate regions in Pakistan is:
- *2 *3 *4 *5
- viii) Sachal Sarmast was the sufi poet of this province:

- ix) Asbab-Baghawat-e-Hind was written by:
- * Abdul Kalam Azad
- * Sir Syed Ahmed Khan!

* Gandhi

- * Allama Iqbal
- x) The representative organization of Muslim countries is:
- * U.N.O
- * OICJ
- * SAARC
- * NAM

SECTION'B'

(SHORT - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (24 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Six part questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

- 2.i) Point out any four Agricultural problems of Pakistan.
- ii). Discuss any four Islamic provisions of 1973 constitution
- iii) Write four major provisions of Lucknow pact.
- iv) Describe the Geographical importance of Pakistan.
- v) Write the names of any four special institutions of the United Nations.
- (vi) Explain the Ideology of Pakistan A
- (vii) Write about any one regional language of Pakistan.
- viii) State any two basic principles of the foreign policy of Pakistan.
- viii) When and where was the All India Muslim League established?

SECTION 'C'

(DETAILED - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (16 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Two questions from this Section. All questions carry equal marks.

- 3. Describe the salient features of the culture of Pakistan.
- 4. Why did the Muslims of the sub-continent demand a separate homeland? Explain.
- 5. Describe the important political events occurring between 1930 to 1947.

2016

1 Time: 15 minutes (Regular & Private) Max. Marks: 10

SECTION 'A'

- 1. Choose the correct answer for each from the given options:
- i) The duration of the 1965 AD. Indo Pak war was:
- * 13 days * 20 days
- ii) Pakistan resolution was presented by:

- iii) The head of We Boundary commission was:

- iv) Quaid-e-Azam presented his fourteen points against:

- v) This province of Pakistan is known as Babul Islam:
- * Sindh * Punjab
- * Balochistan * Khyber Pakhtoon Khwa
- vi) Gawadar port is situated in this province:
- * Sindh * Punjab
- vii) The first five year plan was launched in the year A.D.:
- * 1947 * 1955
- * 1900 * 1965
- viii) The famous Pashto poet is:
- * Munir Niazi * Bullhe Shah

- * Hashim Shah * Rehman Baba
- ix) The Karakoram highway (Shahrah-e-Resham) links Pakistan with:
- * Afghanistan * India
- x) The second round table conference was held in the year A.D.:
- * 1930 * 1934
- * 1932 * 1933
- xi) This organization represents all the Muslim countries:
- * SAARC * OIC
- * Eco * NAM
- xii) In the year 1974 A.D., the second Islamic summit was held at:
- * Karachi * Lahore
- * Ouetta * Peshawar
- xiii) Pakistan carried out its first nuclear explosion in the year A.D.:
- * 1970 * 1974
- * 1990 * 1998
- xiv) The backbone of Pakistan's economy is:
- * Banking * Textile Industry
- * Agriculture * Pharmaceutical Industry
- xv) The total Area of Pakistan in sq.km is:
- * 576096 * 690570
- xvi) The narrow land strip which separates Pakistan from Russia is called:
- * Wakhan * Pasni
- xvii) Pakistani nation celebrates solidarity day with the people of Kashmir on:

xviii) In 1919 A.D., Khilafat movement was started in favour of:

- * Turkey * Libya

xix) The national anthem of Pakistan was written by:

- xx) In 1928 A.D., Nehru report was presented by:
- * Gukhlay * Moti Lal Nehru

SECTION 'B'

(SHORT - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (25 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Five part questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

- 2.i) Describe the educational services of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan.
- ii) Highlight the significance of 23rd March 1940 AD.
- iii) Urdu language is the symbol of national integrity of Pakistan. Explain.
- iv) State the importance of the geographical location of Pakistan.
- v) State any five Islamic provisions of the constitution of 1973.
- vi) What is the importance of Agriculture in the economy of Pakistan.
- vii) Write any five of the fourteen points of Quaid-e-Azam.
- viii) Name the five famous Sufis of South Asia.

SECTION 'C'

(DETAILED - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (15 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Two questions from this Section.

- 3. What problems were faced by Pakistan soon after its establishment?
- 4. Write the salient features of Pakistani Culture.
- 5. Describe the basic principles of the foreign policy of Pakistan.

2015

1 Time: 15 minutes (Regular & Private) Max. Marks: 10

SECTION 'A'

- 1. Choose the correct answer for each from the given options:
- i) M.A.O. College became a university in the year A.D.:
- * 1919 * 1935 * 1921 * 1922
- ii) Karakoram Highway was built with the help of;
- * The U.S.A.
 * China
 * Iran
 * Turkey
- iii) The name of Pakistan was proposed by:
- * Chaudhary Rehmat Ali * Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
- iv) Mohterama Fatima Jinnah was the sister of:
- * Chaudhary Rehmat Ali * Quaid-e-Azam
- v) This province of Pakistan is known as Bab-ul-Islam:
- * Sindh * Punjab
- vi) In Pakistan, salt mines are located at:
- * Sui * Gilgit * Swat * Khewra
- vii) Quaid-e-Azam joined the All India Muslim league in the year A.D.:
- * 1913 * 1915 * 1916 * 1918
- viii) The backbone of Pakistan's economy is:
- * Pharmaceutical industry * Agriculture
- ix) The founder of the Indian National Congress was:
- * MK. Ghandhi * A.O Hume
- * Simon * Cripps

x) The number of the permanent member of the Security Council is:
*4 *5 *6 *7
xi) Gawadar port is situated in this province:
* Sindh * Punjab
* Baluchistan * Khyber Pakhtoon khwa
xii) In 1948, Quaid-e-Azam inaugurated the:
* State Bank of Pakistan * National Bank of Pakistan
* Pakistan Steel Mills
xiii) The border between Afghanistan and Pakistan is called the:
* Line of Control * Durand Line
* Frontier Line
xiv) The second Islamic Summit was held in:
* Iran
xv) Area-wise, the smallest province of Pakistan is:
* Baluchistan * Sindh
* Khyber Pakhtoonkhwa * Punjab
xvi) The signatories to Indus Basin Treaty were Pakistan and:
* China * Afghanistan * Iran * India
xvii) The members of the Cabinet Mission Plan were:
* 2 * 3 * 4 * 5
xviii) Badshahi Mosque, Lahore was built by:
* Humayun * Jahangir * Akbar * Aurganzeb
xix) The First president of Pakistan was:
* Quaid-e-Azam * Iskandar Mirza
* Ghulam Muhafinmad * Ayub Khan
xx) Islam spread in the sub-continent through the:
* Military
* Emperors * Teachers

(SHORT - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (25 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any five part questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

- 2.i) Explain the Two Nation Theory.
- ii) State the Educational Services of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan.
- iii) Describe the Objectives of Khilafat Movement.
- iv) Name any five Regional languages of Pakistan.
- v) State the Geographical importance of Pakistan.
- OR What is the role of Pakistan in UNO?
- vi) State the Religious influences of Islam on the Hindu society of sub-continent.
- vii) What is the importance of Objectives Resolution in the constitunal history of Pakistan?
- viii) What is the importance of Agriculture in the economy of Pakistan?

SECTION 'C'

(DETAILED - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (15 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Two questions from this Section.

- 3. Explain the role of the All India Muslim League in the establishment of Pakistan.
- OR What problems were faced by Pakistan soon after its establishment?
- 4. Describe the salient features of the Culture of Pakistan.
- 5. Explain the basic principles of the Foreign policy of Pakistan.

PAKISTAN STUDIES (compulsory)

2014

1 Time: 15 minutes (Regular) Max. Marks: 10

SECTION 'A'

- 1. Choose the correct answer for each from the given options:
- i) The first translation of the Holy Quran in Sindhi language was done by:

- ii) This crop is most widely grown in Pakistan

- * Cotton * Rice * Wheat * Sugarcane
 iii) Hazrat Usman Marvandi is well-known as:

 * Data Gunj Bukhsh * Lal Shahbaz Qalandar

 * Mujaddid Alf Sani * Shah Waliullah
- iv) The founder of the Indian National Congress was:
- * Gandhi * A.O. Hume
- v) The number of castes in Hindu Society is:
- *2 *4 *6 *8
- vi) In 1930, Allama Iqbal presented his presidential address at:
- vii) The upper house of Pakistan's Parliament is the:

- viii) The economy of Pakistan is based on:
- * Agriculture * Industry
- ix) The constitutional name of Pakistan is:
- * Peoples Republic of Pakistan
- * Democratic State of Pakistan
- * Islamic State of Pakistan
- * Islamic republic of Pakistan
- x) The number of permanent members of Security Council is:
- *4 *5 *6 *7
- xi) Th. name 01 the poetic collection of Shah Abdul Latif Bhitai is:
- * Shah-jo-kitab * Shah-io-Risalo
- xii) The headquarter of O.l.C. is located at:

- * Islamabad * Rabbat
- * Jeddah * Casablanca
- xiii) Karakoram Highway links Pakistan with:
- * India * China * Russia * Afghanistan
- xiv) The former name of ECO was:
- * RCD * WTO * NAM * SEATO
- xv) Pakistan's sports goods industry is located at:
- * Karachi * Sialkot * Faisalabad * Multan
- xvi) The Muslim League Was founded in December 1906 at:
- * Lahore * Dacca * Karachi * Lucknow
- xvii) The Tomb of Jehangir was built by:
- * Humayun * Shah Jehan
- xviii) The last Mughal emperor was:
- * Akbar * Jehangir
- * Bahadur Shah Zafar * Shah Jehan
- xix) This ruler of Turkey abolished the Caliphate:
- * Sultan Abdul Majeed * Mohsin ul Mulk
- xx) Rehman Baba was a famous poet of:

(SHORT - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (25 Marks)

NOTE: mpt any Five part questions from the following. All question carry equal marks:

- 2.i) Write five differences between Hindu and Muslim society.
- ii) State any five Islamic provisions of the 1973 constitution.
- iii) State three aims and objectives of the All India Muslim League.

- iv) Write note on any one regional language of Pakistan.
- v) Mention any five principles of Pakistan's foreign policy.
- vi) Write Indus basin Treaty. OR Explain the Geographical importance of Pakistan.
- vii) State the importance of Pakistan Resolution 1940 AD.
- viii) Write about any two natural resources of Pakistan. OR Why was the province of Bengal divided in 1905?

(DETAILED - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (15 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Two questions from this Section. All questions carry equal marks.

- 3. What is meant by the ideology of Pakistan? Discuss its importance in our National life.
- 4. Discuss the importance of Urdu language in National integration of Pakistan.
- 5. Describe the salient featureatg the culture of Pakistan.

What problems were faced by Pakistan soon after its creation?

PAKISTAN STUDIES (compulsory)

2014

1 Time: 15 minutes (Private)

Max. Marks: 10

SECTION 'A'

- 1. Choose the correct answer for each from the given options:
- i) This pass connects Kabul with Peshawar:
- * Gomal pass * Bolan pass
- * Khyber pass * Tochi pass
- ii) The desert area of Bahawalpur is called:
- * Thar * Cholistan * Thal * Nara
- iii) Pakistan became a full member of the NAM in the year A.D.:
- * 1976 * 1977 * 1978 * 1979
- iv) He translated the Holy Quran in Sindhi prose:

- v) This sufi poet wrote verses in seven languages:

- vi) Mangla dam was built on the river.
- vii) The First Islamic Summit Conference was held in the year A.D.:
- * 1960 * 1969 * 1979 * 1984
- viii) Sindh Madrasa-tul-Islam was founded by:

- ix) The partition of Bengal was annulled in the year A.D.:
- * 1905 * 1906 * 1909 * 1911
- x) Indus Valley Civilization dates back to:

- xi) The Muslim League celebrated the day of deliverance on:
- * 22nd December 1939 * 23rd March 1940
- xii) Masjid Wazir Khan is situated at:
- * Karachi * Multan * Thatta * Lahore
- xiii) The Pakistan Resolution was seconded by:
- * Maulvi A.K. Fazlul Haq
- * Chaudhary Khalig-uz-Zaman
- * Liaquat Ali Khan
- * Chaudhary Rehmat Ali
- xiv) In 1948, Quaid-e-Azam inaugurated the:
- * State Bank * National Bank

- xv) Pakistan's first nuclear explosion took place in 1998 at:
- * Chaghi * Sui * Sibbi * Pasni
- xvi) The first constituent assembly of Pakistan was dissolved by:
- * Ayub Khan * Yahya Khan
- * Ghulam Muhammad * Zia-ul-Haq
- xvii) This was separated from Bombay under 1935 Act and was declared an independent province:
- * Punjab * Sindh * N.W.F.P. * Balochistan
- xviii) The First Martial Law was promulgated in Pakistan on:

- xix) The definition of Muslims is given in this constitution:
- * 1956 * 1962 * 1373 * none of these
- xx) The official deduction of Zakat was introduced in the country for the first time in the year A.D.:
- * 1979 * 1980 * 1981 * 1982

(SHORT - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (25 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Five part questions from the following.

- 2.i) Write any Five Islamic provisions of 1973 constitution.
- ii) What do you now about Lucknow Pact?
- iii) Highlight the Industrial Development of Pakistan.
- iv) What you mean about Indus Basin Treaty?
- v) Write the salient features of Allama lqbal'spresidential address at Allahabad.
- vi) Explain the historical importance of Moen-jo-Daro.
- vii) 14th August 1947 is an important day in our life. Explain.
- viii) State importani points of the Independence Act 1947.

(DETAILS? ANSWER QUESTIONS) (15 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Two questions from this Section.

- 3. Explain Two-Nation Theory in the light of Allama lqbal's statement.
- 4. Describe the basic principles of the Foreign Policy of Pakistan.
- 5. What role was played by the Muslim League in the creation of Pakistan?

OR Write note on any Four Regional languages of Pakistan.

PAKISTAN STUDIES (compulsory)

2013

Max. Marks: 10

1 Time: 15 minutes (Regular)

SECTION 'A'

- 1. Choose the correct answer for each from the given options:
- i) In South Asia, the first translation of the Holy Quran was in this language:
- * Sindhi * Urdu * Persian * Balochi
- ii) The creator of National anthem of Pakistan is:

- iii) Masjid Mahabat Khan is situated at:
- iv) The demand of Pakistan was based on:
- * Hindu Muslim Conflict * Nationalism
- * Two Nation Theory * Development of Muslims
- v) The number of castes in Hindu society is:
- *2 *5 *6 *8
- vi) After the arrival of Muslims in South Asia, this art was created:
- * Indo-islamic Art * none of these
- vii) The Second Round Table Conference was held in the year A.D.:

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* 1930 * 1931 * 1932 * 1933
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- viii) The partition of India plan was announed on:
- * 3rd May * 3rd June * 3rd July * 3rd August
- ix) Pakistan's first constitution was implemented in the year A.D:
- * 1956 * 1958 * 1962 * 1973
- x) In 1974 A.D., the Second Islamic Summit was held at:
- xi) The highest mountain peak of Pakistan is:
- * K-2 * Nanga Perbat * Tirich Mir * none of these
- xii) The biggest desert of Pakistan is:
- xiii) Pashto is the language of this province:
- * Sindh * Punjab
- * Balochistan * Khyber Pakhtoon Khwa
- xiv) The new name of R.C.D. is:
- xv) O.I.C. headquarter is located at:
- * Islamabad * Jeddah * Taif * Casablanca
- xvi) Mohammad bin Qasim conquered Sindh in the year A.D.:
- * 702 * 710 * 712 * 715
- xvii) Murree and Patriata are in this province:
- * Punjab * Balochistan
- xviii) The national game of Pakistan is:
- xix) Karakoram Highway links Pakistan with this country:
- xx) The word 'Nation' for the Muslims of the sub-continent was first used by:

- * Shah Waliullah
- * Syed Ameer Ali
- * Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
- * Shaikh Ahmed Sirhandi

(SHORT - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (25 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Five part questions from this Section. All questions carry equal marks.

- 2.i) After its establishment which problems did Pakistan have to Face?
- ii) What are the main features of Pakistani culture?
- iii) What is the importance of agriculture in the economy of Pakistan?
- iv) What are the important natural resources of Pakistan?
- v) State five religious and cultural differences between Hindus and Muslims of the sub-continent.
- vi) Write about the regional languages of Pakistan.
- vii) Mention the names of the member countries of SAARC.
- viii) State the importance of Urdu language for Pakistan.

SECTION 'C'

(DETAILED - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (15 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Two questions from this Section. All questions carry equal marks.

- 3. What are the main points of Pakistan's foreign policy?
- 4. Describe the Islamic provisions of 1973 constitution of Pakistan.
- 5. Discuss the importance geographical location of Pakistan.

PAKISTAN STUDIES (compulsory)

2013

1 Time: 15 minutes (Private) Max. Marks: 10

SECTION 'A'

- 1. Choose the correct answer for each from the given options:
- i) The third constitution of Pakistan was promulgated in the year A.D.:
- * 1970 * 1971 * 1972 * 3191
- ii) In the year 1974 A.D., the Second Islamic Summit was held in:
- * Maldives * Pakistan * Morocco * Saudi Arabia

- iii) The total area of Pakistan, in square km. is:
- * 696,096 * 796,096 * 896,096 * 996,096
- iv) The highest mountain peak of Pakistan is:
- * Nanga Parbat * Godwin Austin (K-Z)
- v) The ruins of an ancient civilization were discovered near Larkana at:

- vi) The name of the poetic collection of Shah Abdul Latif Bhitai is:
- * Shah-jo-Majmuo * Shah-jo-Dars
- vii) Masjid Wazir Khan is situated in the city of:
- * Multan * Karachi * Lahore * Islamabad
- -viii) The United Nations was founded in theyear A.D.:
- * 1944 * 1946 * 1947 * 1945
- ix) The economy of Pakistan is based on:
- x) The number of climatic regions of Pakistan is:
- * Two * Three * Four * Five
- xi) Pakistan carried out its first nuclear test in the year A.D.:
- * 1996 * 1997 * 1998 * 1999
- xii) The period of monsoon rains in Pakistan is:
- * October-November * December-January
- xiii) Pakistan become a member of the U.N.O. in the year A.D.:
- * 1947 * 1948 * 1949 * 1950
- xiv) The number of castes in Hindu society is:
- *3 *4 *6 *7

- xv) In South Asia, the first translation of the Holy Quran was in this language:
- * Sindhi * Urdu * Persian * Balochi
- xvi) The name of Pakistan was proposed by:
- * Liaquat Ali Khan

- * Choudhary Rahmat Ali
- * Quaid-e-Azam Mohammad Ali Jinnah
- * Allama Iqbal
- xvii) Mohammad bin Qasim conquered Sindh in the year A.D.:
- xviii)The Allahabad address was delivered by Allama Iqbal in the year A.D.:
- * 1920 * 1930 * 1931 * 1933
- xix) The Partition of India was announced by:
- * Lord Wavell * Lord Minto
- xx) The Indus Basin treaty was signed between India and Pakistan in the year A.D.:
- * 1960 * 1961 * 1963 * 1965

(SHORT - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (25 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Five part questions from this Section.

- 2.i) From the Fourteen Points of the Quaid-e-Azam, write any five.
- ii) What do you know about the regional languages of Pakistan?
- iii) State any five Islamic provisions of the 1973 constitution.
- iv) What is the importance of Agriculture in the economy of Pakistan?
- v) Explain the Geographical impt rtance of Pakistan.
- vi) Highlight the relations of Pakistan with Saudi Arabia.
- vii) Write the names of any five member countries of SAARC.
- viii) State any two initial problems faced by Pakistan at the time of its emergence.

(DETAILED - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (15 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Two questions from this Section.

- 3. What is meant by the ideology of Pakistan? Discuss its importance in our National life.
- 4. Write the aims and objectives of the creation of Pakistan.
- 5. Describe the salient features of Pakistani Culture.

PAKISTAN STUDIES (compulsory)

2012

Max. Marks: 10

1 Time: 15 minutes (Regular)

SECTION 'A'

- 1. Choose the correct answer for each from the given options:
- i) The fourteen points of Muhammad Ali Jinnah were presented in the year A.D.:
- * 1920 * 1929 * 1930 * 1931
- ii) The national anthem of Pakistan is the creation of:
- * Hafeez Jalandhri * Josh Malihabadi
- iii) Quaid-e-Azam inaugurated the state Bank of Pakistan in the year A.D.:
- * 1945 * 1947 * 1948 * 1949
- iv) The Silk Road connects Pakistan with:
- v) Kashmir day is celebrated on:
- * 5th February * 23rd March
- vi) Masjid Wazir Khan is situated at:
- * Karachi * Multan * Lahore * Faisalabad
- vii) Shah Jo Risalo is the poetic collection of:
- * Lal Shehbaz Qalandar * Waris Shah

- viii) The total area of Pakistan in sq.km is: * 596096 * 696096 * 796096 * 896096 ix) Asbab-e-Baghawat-e-Hind was written by: * Abul Kalam Azad * Sir Syed Ahmed Khan x) The demand of Pakistan was based on: * Hindu Muslim Conflict * Nationalism * Two-Nation Theory * Development of Muslims xi) The economy of Pakistan is based on: * Industry * Trade * Agriculture * Fishing xii) She was the first lady Prime Minister of Pakistan: * Begum Rana Liaquat Ali Khan * Mohtarma Fatima Jinnah * Begum Shaista Ikramullah
- * Mohtarma Benazir Bhutto
- xiii) Sugi gas was found in this province:
- * Khyber Pukhtoon Khwa * Sindh
- xiv) He was the Chief of Boundary Commission at the time of partition:
- * Mountbatten * Radcliffe * Cripps * Simon
- xv) The Second islamic summit Conference was held at:
- * Rabaat * Lahore * Dhaka * Jeddah
- xvi) Pakistan's first nuclear explosion took place in A.D.:
- * 1970 * 1974 * 1990 * 1998
- xvii) The Cabinet Mission came to India in A.D.:
- * 1940 * 1942 * 1935 * 1947
- xviil) The name of Pakistan was proposed by:

- * Quaid-e-Azam
- * Aliama lqbal

xix) Ajrak is the symbol of culture of this province:

* Punjab

- * Sindh
- * Khyber Pukhtoon Khwa
- * Balochistan
- xx) At this place, the old civilization was discovered near Larkana:
- * Mohenio-Daro
- * Harappa
- * Taxila
- * Chowkundi

SECTION 'B'

(SHORT - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (25 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Five part questions from this Section. All questions carry equal marks.

- 2.i) Write a note on Pakistan Resolution (Lahore Resolution 1940)
- ii) Describe any five Islamic provisions of the constitution of 1973 A.D.
- iii) Write the name of any five member countries of SAARC.
- iv) Write the Basic Principles of the Foreign Policy of Pakistan.
- v) State any two initial problems faced by Pakistan at the time of its emergence.
- vi) Explain the Geographical importance of Pakistan.
- vii) Describe any two Natural Resources of Pakistan.
- viii) Explain the relations of Pakistan with Saudi Arabia.

SECTION 'C'

(DETAILED - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (15 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Two questions from this Section. All questions carry equal marks.

- 3. Describe the salient features of the Culture of Pakistan.
- 4. Describe the important political events from 1940 to 1947 for the creation of Pakistan.
- 5. Discuss the role of Urdu for national intention of Pakistan.

2012

1 Time: 15 minutes (Private) Max. Marks: 10

SECTION 'A'

- 1. Choose the correct answer for each from the given options:
- i) The most populous city in the Islamic countries is:
- ii) Pakistan successful five year plan was:
- * 1950 1955 * 1955 1960
- * 1960 1965 * 1965 -1970
- iii) The boundary of Afghanistan and Pakistan is called:
- * Durand line * Control line
- * Frontier line * Front line
- iv) Karakram Highway (Shahrh-e-Resham) links Pakistan with:
- * India * China * Russia * Afghanistan
- v) The total area in sq.km. of Pakistan:
- * 996,096 * 896,096 * 796,096 * 785,960
- vi) The second Islamic Conference was held at:
- * Rabat * Lahore * Dhaka * Jeddah
- vii) In AD. 1930, Allama lqbal presented his presidential address at:
- * Dhaka * Allahabad * Lahore * Delhi
- viii) Shah-jo-Risalo is the poetic collection of:
- * Hashim Shah * Shah Abdul Latif Bhitai
- ix) The main causes of rainfall in Pakistan are:
- * Western winds * Siberian winds
- * Monsoon winds * Mediterranean winds
- x) The word 'Pakistan' was coined by:

- xi) The name of the first president of Pakistan is:
- * Ayub Khan
- * Iskandar Mirza
- xii) A new art was created in South Asia after the Muslims came here:
- * Indo Islamic Art * Gandhara Art 1
- xiii) The 1st President of the All India Muslim League was:

- xiv) The Round Table Conference was called on the advice of:
- * Maulana Shaukat Ali
 - * Allama lqbal
- * Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar * Quaid-e-Azam
- xv) The partition of india was announced by:
- * Lord Wavell * Lord Minto
- xvi) Muhammad Educational Conference was formed in the year A.D.:
- * 1880 * 1884 * 1885 * 1886
- xvii) Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali jinnah inaugurated the State Bank in the year A.D.:
- * 1947 * 1949 * 1950 * 1948
- xviii) The first Genera: Elections in Pakistan were held In the year A.D.:
- * 1969 * 1919 * 1972 * 1973
- xix) The first person who called Muslim as a Nation was:
- * Sir Syed Amed Khan * Shaikh Ahmed Sirhindi
- xx) 'Kashmir Day' is celebrated on:
- * 5th February * 23rd March

* 14th August * 30th December

SECTION 'B'

(SHORT - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (25 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Five part questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

- 2.i) Analyse the significance of the Two Nation theory in the creation of Pakistan.
- ii) Describe the objectives of Khilafat Movement.
- iii) Lucknow Pact was an impact of the political vision of Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah. Discuss.
- iv) Write note on Indus Water Treaty.
- v) Describe five main Islamic Provisions of the Constitution of AD. 1973.
- vi) illuminate the Geographical importance of Pakistan in South Asia.
- vii) Describe any five differ'ence between the Rural and Urban society of Pakistan.
- viii) Discuss the importance of Agriculture of Pakistan.

SECTION 'C'

(DETAILED - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (15 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Two questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks,

- 3. Narate the important political events that took place from AD. 1940 to AD. 1947 in the creation of Pakistan.
- 4. Describi'the-roie of Urdu. in the National integration of Pakistan.
- 5. Discuss the importance of the city of Karachi in Pakistan's Economy.
- 6- Explain the Foreign Policy e of Pakistan,

PAKISTAN STUDIES (compulsory)

2011

1 Time: 15 minutes (Regular) Max. Marks: 10

SECTION 'A'

- 1. Choose the correct answer for each from the given optigns:
- i) The duration of World War II was:
- * 1914 1918 * 1965 1971 * 1939 1945 * 1357 1860

ii) The plane proposed by Lord Mountbatten is called: * Cabinet Mission Plan * Cripps Mission Plan * June Plan * Nehru Plan iii) The chief of the boundary commission at the time of partition of India was: * Cripps * Mountbatten * Simon * Redcife iv) The first constitutional assembly of Pakistan was dissolved by: * Ayub Khan * Iskandar Mirza * Ghuiam Muhammad * Yahya Khan v) The first President of Pakistan was: * Quaid-e-Azam * Iskander Mirza * Liaquat Ali Khan * Ayub Khan vi) Karakaram Highway (Shahrah-e-Rasham) links Pakistan to: * India * Afghanistan * China * Iran vii) The total area of Pakistan in sq.km is: * 996,096 * 896,096 * 796,096 * 785,960 viii) The highest mountain peak of Pakistan is: * Peer Panjal * Nanga Parbat * Godwin Austin K2 * Trichmir ix) The Shahi Qila (Fort) of Lahore was built by: * Shah Jahan * Babar * Aurangzeb * Akbar x) Masjid Mahabat Khan is situated in the city of: * Lahore * Thatta * Multan * Peshawar xi) Heer Ranjha was written by: * Rehman Baba * Hashim Shah * Waris Shah * Bulleh Shah xii) The famous poet of Pushto is: * Sachal Sarrnast * Rehman Baba * Bulleh Shah * Munir Niazi

- xiii) Shah-jo-Resalo is the poetic collection of:

- xiv) Pakistan Imports:
- * Rice * Sports goods * Leather goods * Petroleum
- xv) U.N.O. came into existence on:

- xvi) Second Islamic Summit conference was held at:
- * Rabat * Lahore * Dhaka * Jeddah
- xvii) The Partition of Bengal was annulled in A.D.:
- * 1905 * 1907 * 1885 * 1911
- xviii) The All India Muslim League was founded in the year A.D.:
- * 1911 * 1905 * 1906 * 1913
- xix) In 1930, Allama Iqbal presented his presidential address at:
- * Dhaka * Allahabad * Lahore * Delhi
- xx) The name of Pakistan was proposed by:
- * Choudhry Rahmat Ali * Quaid-e-Azam
- * Sir Syed Ahmed Khan * Allama Iqbal

(SHORT - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (25 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Five part questions from this Section.

- 2.i) Why did the muslims not accept the Nehru Report?
- ii) What were the important points of 3"" June 1947 Plan?
- iii) What is the importance of the Objectives Resolutio in 1949 in the constitution-making of Pakistan?
- iv) What is the Geo-Political importance of Pakistan?
- v) Describe the Cultural Heritage of Pakistan.
- vi) What do you know about the Regional Language of Pakistan?

- vii) What are the Natural Resources of Pakistan?
- viii) State the aims and objectives of U.N.O.

(DETAILED - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (15 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Two questions from this Section. All questions carry equal marks.

- I 3. Discuss the Ideology of Pakistan in the light of Quaid-e-Azam's statements.
- 4. Describe in detail the importance of Agriculture in the economy of Pakistan.
- 5. What were the problems faced by Pakistan soon after its creation?

PAKISTAN STUDIES (compulsory)

2011

Time: 15 minutes (Private) Max. Marks: 10

SECTION 'A'

- 1. Choose the correct answer for each from the given options:
- i) The total territory of Pakistan in sq.km is:
- ii) Allama Iqbal was born at:
- iii) The Indus Basin Treaty was signed in A.D.:
- * 1959 * 1960 * 1972 * 1975
- iv) Badshahi Masjid Lahore was built in 1673 AD. by:
- * Humayun * Jehangir * Akbar * Aurangzeb
- v) Simon Commission came to the sub-continent in A.D.:
- * 1920 * 1921 * 1930 * 1940
- vi) Pakistan became a member of the U.N.O. in A.D.:
- *1948 * 1949 * 1950 * 1947
- vii) Masjid Mahabat Khan is situated at:
- * Multan * Peshawar * Lahore * Islamabad
- viii) Bangladesh came into being in A.D.:

- * 1972 * 1973 * 1974 * 1971
- ix) Shah-jo-Risalo is the poetic collection of:

- x) The first President of Pakistan was:
- * Ouaid-e-Azam * lskandar Mirza 1
- * Ghulam Muhammad * Ayub Khan
- xi) The biggest masjid of Pakistan is:

- xii) The main causes of rainfall in Pakistan are:
- * Western Winds * Siberian Winds
- * Monsoon Winds * Mediterranean Winds
- xiii) Islam spread in the sub-continent through:
- * Military * Sufis * Saints * Emperors * Teachers
- xiv) M.A.O. College became a University in A.D.:
- * 1919 * 1920 * 1921 * 1922
- xv) The first woman speaker of the National Assembly of Pakistan is:
- * Begum Liaquat Ali Khan * Fatima Bhutto
- xvi) The Karakoram highway was built with the help of:
- * USA * China * Iran * Turkey
- xvii) The word 'Pakistan' was coined by:
- * Liaquat Ali Khan * Ch. Rehmat Ali
- xviii) Khyber Pass links Pakistan with:
- xix) The biggest natural lake in Pakistan is:

- xx) The fourteen points of Quaid-e-Azam were given in A.D.:
- * 1920 * 1925 * 1929 * 1930

(SHORT - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (25 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any five part questions from this Section.

- 2.i) State the importance of Resolution of 1940 in the creation of Pakistan.
- ii) Describe the ideology of Pakistan.
- iii) Write the importance of regional languages in Pakistan.
- iv) What were the causes of the War of Independence 1857?
- v) State the problems faced by Pakistan immediately after its creation.
- vi) What are the major imports and exports of Pakistan?
- vii) Write any five of the fourteen points of Quaid-e-Azam.
- viii) Why is strong Economy of Pakistan vital for its stability?

SECTION 'C'

(DETAILED - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (15 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any two questions from this Section.

- 3. Pakistan is a country rich with cultural heritage. Explain the statement by giving examples from culturally rich regions.
- 4. Describe the important political events that took place between years 1939 and 1948.
- 5. Describe the aims and objects for the creation of Pakistan.

PAKISTAN STUDIES (compulsory)

2010

Max Marks: 10

1 Time: 15 minutes (Regular private)

SECTION 'A'

- 1. Choose the correct answer for each from the given options:
- i) Muhammad Bin Qasim defeated Raja Dahar in AD:
- * 710 * 711 * 712 * 713

ii) Sindh has been separated from Bombay in A.D.:

A 1934 A 1935 A 1935! A 1937 1

- iii) lit: was the first leader from U.P. who supported 1940 AD. Lahore Resolution:
- * Chaudhry Khaliqae-uz-Zaman
- * Chaudhry Salim-uz-Zaman
- iv) The World War II began in AD. 1939, and it ended in A.D.:
- * 1942 * 1943 * 1944 * 1945
- v) A three member delegation of British Cabinet came to India in 5th March 1945, it was known:
- * Federal Mission * Provincial Mission
- * Cabinet Mission * King Mission
- vi) At which place the old civilization was discovered near Larkana?
- vii) He was the first prime minister of Pakistan:
- * Quaid-e-Azam * Liaquat Ali Khan
- * iskandar Mirza * Allama Iqbal
- viii) In the year A.D. Pakistan and India signed the Indus Basin Treaty:
- * 1959 * 1960 * 1961 * 1962
- ix) Quaid-e-Azam died in the year A.D.:
- * 1947 * 1948 * 1949 * 1951
- x) The first Constitution of Pakistan was implemented in A.D.:
- * 1956 * 1958 * 1962 * 1973
- xi) For how many days the War between Pakistan and India continued from 6th September 19657:
- * 15 * 17 * 20 * 25
- xii) General Ayub Khan had taken over the post of Chief Martial Law Administrator in A.D.:
- * 1956 * 1957 * 1958 * 1959
- xiii) The Foreign Minister of Pakistan who resigned due to difference with the president on Tashkent Agreement in AD. 1965 was:

- * Mahmood Ali Qusoori * Manzoor Qadir
- xiv) Which country meets the North boundary of Pakistan?:
- xv) Pakistan's first five year plan started in A.D.:
- * 1947 * 1955 * 1960 * 1965
- xvi) The literacy rate in Pakistan according to the 1998 census is:
- * 30% * 45% * 60% * 70%
- xvii) United Nations was founded in A.D.:
- * 1944 * 1945 * 1946 * 1947
- xviii)ln this year East Pakistan was separated from Pakistan as Bangladesh:
- * 1971 * 1972 * 1973 * 1974
- xix) The total territory of Pakistan in sq.km is:
- * 596096 * 696096 * 796096 * 896096
- xx) The National Language of Pakistan is Urdu. This word is derived from:
- * Hindi * Persian * Arabic * Turkey

(SHORT - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (25 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any five part questions from this Section.

- 2.i) From which city did the War of Independence 1857 start and who was the Mughal King of India at the time?
- ii) 'Explain the ideology of Pakistan.
- iii) Write any three objectives of the All India Muslim League.
- iv) Describe 3rd June Plan in four sentences.
- v) Write four sentences about the importance of Urdu as the National Language.
- vi) Write the importance of Objectives Resolution.
- vii) Write two important natural resources.
- viii) Write any four Organs of United Nations.

(DETAILED - ANSWER QUESTIONS) (30 Marks)

NOTE: Attempt any Two questions from this Section.

- 3. Why did the Muslims of the sub-continent demand a separate homeland for themselves?
- 4. What problems were faced by Pakistan just after its creation?
- 5. Describe the salient features of the culture of Pakistan.

PAKISTAN STUDIES (compulsory)

2009

Max. Marks: 10

Time: 15 minutes (Regular private)

SECTION 'A'

NOTE: Attempt Three questions in all. All questions carry equal marks except question No.5 which carries 18 marks.

- 1.a) How did Islam influence the people of South Asia politically, socially and culturally? (08)
- b) Examine the struggle of the All India Muslim League for the establishment of Pakistan. (08)
- 2.a) Describe the salient Islamic features of the Constitution of Pakistan, AD. 1973. (08)
- b) Describe the important political events that took place from AD. 1947 to AD. 1956. (08)
- 3.a) Write an essay on the Cultural Heritage of Pakistan. (08)
- b) Describe the importance of the Industrial Development in the economy of Pakistan. (08)
- 4. Write notes on any TWO of the following: (16)
- i) Basic Principles of the Foreign Policy of Pakistan
- ii) Natural Resources of Pakistan
- iii) Fourteen Points of Quaid-e-Azam
- iv) Role of Urdu in the Unity of Pakistan.
- 5.a) Write short answers of any Four of the following: (08)
- i) What is the name of the city and the mayor who has been declared the second best in the world?
- ii) Between wh'ch Iongitudes and latitudes is Pakistan located?
- iii) When and Ihere was Maulana Muhammed Ali Jauhar trial?
- iv) When an) why was the Partition of Bengal of AD. 1905 annual?

- v) Write the I ames of the countries of SAARC.
- vi) What do 'NICEF and UNESCO stand for?
- b) Fill in the blanks of any Five of the following parts with the A correct answers:- (10)
- i) The poetic collection of Shah Abdul Latif Bhitai is known as Shah io Risalo and Bang-e-Dara is the poetic collection of Allama Igbal.
- ii) Liaguat Ali Khan was the first Prime Minister of Pakistan and the present Prime Minister of Pakistan is Yousuf Raza Gillani.
- iii) Allama Shabbir Ahmed Usmani and Syed Suleman Nadvi are a buried in the premises of a College of Karachi city in the province of Sindh.
- iv) The Shahjehani Masjid is situated in the Thata city and the tomb of Anarkali is situated in the city of Lahore.
- v) The present Governor of Sindh is Ishrat-uI-Ebad and the present Chief Minister of Sindh is Qaim Ali Shah.
- vi) The large deposits of natural gas were discovered at sui in Balochistan in AD.
- vii) The Indus Water Basin Treaty was signed in AD. 1960 between Pakistan and india

2008

Time: 15 minutes (Regular private) Max. Marks: 10

SECTION 'A'

NOTE: Attempt Three questions in all. All questions carry equal marks except question No.5 which carries 18 marks.

- 1.a) Explain the Ideology of Pakistan. Describe its importance in our national life. (08)
- b) Describe the contribution of Allama Iqbal to the creation of Pakistan.
- 2.a) What problems had Pakistan to face at the time of its establishment? (08)
- b) Describe the Islamic provisions of the Constitution of AD. 1973. (08)
- 3.a) Describe the salient features of the Pakistani culture. (08)
- b) What are the basic principles of the Foreign Policy of Pakistan? (08)
- 4. Write notes on any Two of the following: (16)
- i) Lucknow Pact ii) Natural Regions of Pakistan.
- iii) Main Industries of Pakistan
- iv) Role of Pakistan in Non-Aligned Movement

- 5.a) Give short answers of any Four of the following: (08)
- i) Write the names of SAARC countries.
- ii) Name the castes in Hindu society.
- iii) Write the objectives of the All India Muslim League?
- iv) Write the purpose of Round Table Conferences?
- v) What do UNICEF and UNESCO stand for?
- vi) What was the outcome of Simla conference AD. 1945?
- b) Fill in the blanks of any Five of the following parts with the correct answers:- (10)
- i) The partition of Bengal took place in AD. 1905 and it was annulled in AD. 1911
- ii) The All India Muslim League was established in the year A.D. <u>1906</u> and Quaid-e-Azam joined in the year A.D. <u>1913</u>
- iii) Pakistan Resolution was proposed by Molvi Fazal-e-Hag and seconded by Choudary Khaleeg-u-zaman.
- iv) The first President of Pakistan was <u>iskandar Mirza</u> and the first Prime Minister of Pakistan was <u>Liaquat Ali Khan</u>.
- v) The first Constitution of Pakistan was promulgated in the year A.D. <u>1956</u> while the third Constitution was enforced in the year A.D. <u>1973</u>.
- vi) Indus Basin Treaty-was signed in AD 1960 between Pakistan and India
- vii) The first constituent Assembly of Pakistan was dissolved by the Governor General <u>Gulam Muhammad</u> in the year A.D. <u>1954.</u>
- viii) Mahabat Khan Mosque is in <u>Peshawar</u> (city) and Wazir Khan mosque is in <u>Lahore</u> (city).